# Sanskrit Course Pronouncing the Names of Postures, Breath Tools, Binds, and Seals



### Welcome!

Pierre here, picture from my Tahoe, California days. I am excited that your Sanskrit curiosity continues. I welcome your feedback at:

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I believe in making the tools of yoga, such as this manual, accessible to all sincere seekers.

You may have received this course free of charge. I request that you contribute as you can afford - now and/or later. Your contribution grows this school and is your energetic exchange.

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Turning others on to this manual is an additional form of support for the school. Please do share this with all curious friends, for whom I then have the same donation request.



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## **Course Overview**

आसनानि postures p. track # प्राणायामाः breath tools p. track ##

बन्धाः binds p. track ##

मुद्राः seals p. track ##

This course can be used by those new to sanskrit. In order to truly pronounce correctly, though, it is essential to understand and pronounce the basic sounds of the language - the alphabet. Learning the alphabet or "ring of sounds" is as important as learning the numbers 0 through 9 before proceeding further in mathematics. Understanding the basic sounds makes it easier to enjoy making them - guessing or mimicking sounds is replaced by certain feeling.

Sanskrit Course 1: The Ring of Sounds is therefore highly recommended as a prerequisite to this course.

Alternatively, practicing the chanting examples at <a href="www.sanskritbasics.com">www.sanskritbasics.com</a> can help.

Sanskrit sounds are specific kinds of sounds made at specific locations. Though English letters are used with dots and lines in transliteration to approximate these sounds, many of them are not the same sounds as those in English. With that disclaimer, an introduction to these positions follows, including some comparable English vowel sounds.



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Position 1 sounds made behind the hard palate
2 at the bump in the hard palate
3 at the notch or high point
4 at the teeth
5 at the lips
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```
u ū
               aṃ
                    aḥ
         au
   kha
        ga gha
ka
                  'nа
   cha
         ja
            jha
                  ña
ca
   tha
         da dha
ta
                  na
   pha ba bha
pa
                  ma
            la
  ya
                va
  śa
                ha
            sa
```

ū ā ai a u e au put blue road sound cup far eagle may buy ENGLISH WORDS THAT APPROXIMATE SANSKRIT'S VOWEL SOUNDS

Sanskrit is naturally musical. Built into its basic structure are light (short) and heavy (long) syllables, which create intrinsic emphasis and meter. Long (heavy) syllables have a natural emphasis.

There are 3 kinds of syllables that are **heavy** / **long** (in comparison to light / short):

**aham** 

the long tones are: ā ī ū ṛ ḷ e ai o au

The audio tracks will help with hearing the difference between short and long syllables. In addition, the visual pages display syllable emphasis as follows:



a **dho** mu kha **śvā nā** sa na

short (light) syllable

heavy (long) syllable

As this is an introduction to pronunciation, sanskrit grammar and the details of translating are not covered. Instead, the definitions of the words comprising the names are listed. As many of these are compound words, the translation can include slightly different interpretations based on which prepositions are assumed.

#### एकपादशीर्षासन

$$\mathbf{e}$$
ka =  $one$   $\mathbf{p}$  $\mathbf{\bar{a}}$ da =  $foot$ ,  $column$   $\mathbf{\dot{s}}$  $\mathbf{\bar{r}}$  $\mathbf{\dot{s}}$ a =  $head$   $\mathbf{\bar{a}}$ sana =  $posture$ 

For example, I often choose to translate this as the "one foot behind the head posture". However, "one foot toward the head posture" and "head toward one foot posture" would also be correct.

There are many variations of some postures, र्गोपीसन sīrṣāsana, for example. I have listed some of them - the others can be inferred through study of this manual.

बिsanāni = is the plural form of āsanam āsanam = singular, meaning a sitting, a seat, place āsana = the form of the noun used for calling out its name in direct address.
अधोमुखश्वानासन a <b>dho</b> = <i>downward</i> mukha = <i>face</i> <b>śvā</b> na = <i>dog</i>
अधोमुखवृक्षासन a <b>dho</b> = <i>downward</i> mukha = <i>face</i> <b>vrk</b> ṣa = <i>tree</i>
आकर्णधनुरासन <b>ākar</b> ṇana = <i>up to the ear, from the ear</i> dha <b>nus</b> = <i>bow, arc</i>
अनन्तासन a <b>nan</b> ta = <i>without end</i>
अर्धबद्धपद्मपश्चिमोत्तानासन  ardha = half baddha = bound, tied padma = lotus  paścima = backside, hindmost, Western  uttāna = stretched up or out, extended

अर् ध बद् ध पद् मोत् ता ना स न	अर्धबद्धपद्मोत्तानासन
ar dha bad dha pad mot tā nā sa na	ardha = halfbaddha = bound, tiedpadma = lotusuttāna = stretched up or out, extended
अर् ध चन् द्रा स न	अर्धचन्द्रासन
ar dha can drā sa na	ardha = half candra = moon
अर् ध मत् स्येन् द्रा स न	अर्धमत्स्येन्द्रासन
ar dha mat syen drā sa na	ardha = half matsya = fish indra = lord, ruler
अर् ध ना वा सन	अर्धनावासन
ar dha nā vā sa na	ardha = half nau = boat
अष् टा वक् रा सन	अष्टावक्रासन
aș țā vak rā sa na	aṣṭāvakra = name of a great sage who prenatally corrects his father, is thus cursed by father to be born with 8 (aṣṭā) crooked (vakra) limbs. Later he rescues his father and reconciles with him
बद्ध को णासन	बद्धकोणासन
bad dha ko ṇā sa na	<b>bad</b> dha = <i>bound, tied</i> <b>ko</b> ṇa = <i>angle, corner</i>
बद् ध पद् मा स न	बद्दपद्मासन
bad dha pad mā sa na	<b>bad</b> dha = <i>bound</i> , <i>tied</i> <b>pad</b> ma = <i>lotus</i>
बद् ध हस् त शीर् षा स न	बद्धहस्तशीर्षासन
bad dha has ta śīr ṣā sa na	<b>bad</b> dha = <i>bound, tied</i> <b>has</b> ta = <i>hand</i> <b>śīr</b> ṣa = <i>head</i>

ब का सन	बकासन
ba <b>kā</b> sa na	baka = crane, a cunning animal which knows how to draw prey into its lair
भै रवा सन	भैरवासन
<b>bhai</b> ra <b>vā</b> sa na	<b>bhai</b> rava = terrible, fearful, a form of śiva, terror, mountain
भरद् वा जा सन	भरद्वाजासन
bha <b>rad vā jā</b> sa na	bha <b>radvā</b> ja = <i>a sky-lark, the name.of one of the 7 sages and progenitors of the</i> ma <b>hā</b> bharatha bharatha = <i>sovereign, king</i> <b>vā</b> ja = <i>wing, feather</i>
<b>भे का</b> सन	भेकासन
<b>bhe kā</b> sa na	<b>bhe</b> ka = <i>frog, timid man</i>
भ् जडः गा सन	भुजङगासन
bhu <b>jaṅ gā</b> sa na	bhu <b>jan</b> ga = <i>serpent, snake</i>
भुजपी दा सन	भुजपीदासन
bhu ja <b>pī dā</b> sa na	bhuja = arm, branch pīda = press or squeeze together, cover
बुद् धा स न	बुद्धासन
bud dhā sa na	<b>bud</b> dha = known, understood, awakened, a wise man, enlightened

च को रा सन	चकोरासन
ca <b>ko rā</b> sa na	ca <b>ko</b> ra = a kind of bird, greek partridge, a magic bird said to feed on moonbeams
चक् र बन् धा स न	चक्रबन्धासन
cak ra ban dhā sa na	cakra = wheel, circle, ring bandha = tie, bond, forming, constructing, arranging, building
चक् रा सन	चक्रासन
cak rā sa na	cakra = wheel, circle, ring, circular flight
चतुरङः गदण्डा सन	चतुरङःगदण्डासन
ca tu <b>raṅ</b> ga <b>daṇ ḍā</b> sa na	ca <b>tur</b> = four <b>an</b> ga = limb, body <b>dan</b> ḍa = staff, wand, stick
दण्डा सन	दण्डासन
daņ dā sa na	daṇḍa = staff, wand, stick
धनुरा सन	धनुरासन
dha nu <b>rā</b> sa na	dha <b>nus</b> = <i>bow, arc</i>
दुर् वा सा सन	दुर्वासासन
dur vā sā sa na	durvāsas = ill-dressed, naked, the name of a very irascible saint or seer (ṛṣi) who had terrible anger and was very difficult to please dur = bad vāsa = dweling, abode, situation, perfume, dress

द्वि <b>हस्</b> त भु जा स न	द्विहस्तभुजासन
dvi <b>has</b> ta bhu <b>jā</b> sa na	dvi = two $hasta = hand$ $bhuja = arm$
द्वि <b>पा</b> दविप <b>री</b> त <b>दण्डा</b> सन	द्विपादविपरीतदण्डासन
dvi <b>pā</b> da vi pa <b>rī</b> ta <b>daņ ḍā</b> sa na	dvi = two <b>pā</b> da = foot, column, leg of inanimate object vipa <b>r</b> īta = revolved <b>daṇ</b> ḍa = staff, wand, stick
ए क हस् त भु जा स न	एकहस्तभुजासन
<b>e</b> ka <b>has</b> ta bhu <b>jā</b> sa na	<b>e</b> ka = <i>one</i> <b>has</b> ta = <i>hand</i> bhuja = <i>arm</i>
ए कपादरा जकपो ता सन	एकपादराजकपोतासन
<b>e</b> ka <b>pā</b> da <b>rā</b> ja ka <b>po tā</b> sa na	eka = one pāda = foot, column rāja = ruler, king, chief kapota = dove, pigeon, bird
ए कपादशीर्षा सन	एकपादशीर्षासन
e ka <b>pā</b> da <b>śīr ṣā</b> sa na	eka = one pāda = foot, column śīrṣa = head
ए कपा दविपरी तदण्डा सन	एकपादविपरीतदण्डासन
e ka pā da vi pa rī ta daņ dā sa na	eka = one pāda = foot, column viparīta = revolved daṇḍa = staff, wand, stick
गा लवा सन	गालवासन
gā la vā sa na	gālava = a kind of tree, ebony, the name of a pupil (or some consider a son) of viśvamitra

गण्डभे रुण्डा सन	गण्डभेरुण्डासन
gaṇ ḍa bhe ruṇ ḍā sa na	gaṇḍa = the cheek, side of face, temples, joint, knot bheruṇḍa = terrible, frightful, conception, pregnancy
गर् भ पिण् डा स न	गर्भपिण्डासन
gar bha piṇ ḍā sa na	garbha = the womb, belly, fetus, embryo, act of conception, pregnancy, inside, middle, interior chamber piṇḍa = solid, dense, a round devotional offering, early fetus
ग रू डा सन	गरूडासन
ga <b>rū ḍā</b> sa na	ga <b>rū</b> ḍa = king of the birds, possessing a white face, aquiline nose, red wings and golden body. he brings down the heavenly beverage (amṛta) to free his mother
घे रण्डा सन	घेरण्डासन
ghe raṇ ḍā sa na	gheraṇḍa = yogin who authored the famous 17th century text on yoga, the gheraṇḍa saṅhitā
गो मुखा सन	गोमुखासन
go mu khā sa na	gau (go) = cow mukha = face
गो रक्षा सन	गोरक्षासन
go rak ṣā sa na	gorakşa = cowherd
ह ला स न	हलासन
ha <b>lā</b> sa na	hala = plough, weapon, land-measure

हन् सा स न han sā sa na	हंसासन hansa = swan, one of the vital airs, supreme soul, individual soul, mythic swan with discrimination who can separate milk (that which nourishes) from water (the common)
हनुमा ना सन ha nu <b>mā</b> nā sa na	हनुमानासन hanu = jaw mant (mān) = suffix meaning possessing hanumān = name of the powerful monkey king, devotee of rāma, represents the ultimate in devotional love
जा नुशीर् षा सन jā nu śīr ṣā sa na	जानुशीर्षासन jānu = knee- <b>śīr</b> ṣa = head
ज ठ र प रि <b>बर्</b> त <b>ना</b> स न ja ṭha ra pa ri <b>var</b> ta <b>nā</b> sa na	जठरपरिवर्तनासन ja ṭha ra = stomach, abdomen, interior, cavity pari <b>var</b> tana = revolved
का लभे रवा सन kā la bhai ra vā sa na	कालभैरवासन  kāla = black, dark blue, fate, time, god of death, supreme spirit as the destructive principle bhairava = terrible, frightful kālabhairava = incomprehensible time, a name of śiva
कन् दा सन kan dā sa na	कन्दासन kanda = a bulbous root

क पि ला स न	कपिलासन
ka pi <b>lā</b> sa na	kapila = reddish, the name of a sage who reduced to ashes 60,000 sons of sagara. he is considered the father of sāṅkhya
क पिञ् ज ला सन	कपिञ्जलासन
ka <b>piñ</b> ja <b>lā</b> sa na	ka <b>piñ</b> jala = <i>a bird who exists solely on dew and raindrops</i>
क पो ता स न	कपोतासन
ka <b>po tā</b> sa na	ka <b>po</b> ta = <i>dove, pigeon</i>
कर्ण पी दा सन	कर्णीदासन
kar ṇa pī dā sa na	karṇa = ear, diameter of circle pīda = press or squeeze together, cover
<b>कश्</b> य पा स न	कश्यपासन
<b>kaś</b> ya <b>pā</b> sa na	kaśyapa = having black teeth, name of the son of marīci. he is the father of the gods, demons, men, beasts & all living beings
कौण डिन् या सन	कौण्डिन्यासन
kauṇ ḍin yā sa na	kauṇḍinya = the first disciple of gautama buddha kuṇḍ = to protect, to burn, to eat, to heap, to maim
क्रौज् चा सन	क्रौश्वासन
krauñ cā sa na	<b>krauñ</b> ca = <i>heron</i>

कुक् कुटा सन	कुक्कुटासन
<b>kuk</b> ku <b>ṭā</b> sa na	<b>kuk</b> kuṭa = rooster, wisp of lighted straw, spark of fire
कूर् मा सन	कूर्मासन
kūr mā sa na	<b>kūr</b> ma = tortoise, one of the outer winds of the body
ल घु <b>वज् रा</b> स न	लघुवज्रासन
la ghu <b>vaj rā</b> sa na	laghu = light, small  vajra = hard, adamantine, severe, forked, zigzag, thunderbolt, destructive weapon, the weapon of Indra
लो ला सन	लोलासन
lo lā sa na	lola = shaking, rolling, dangling, moving to and fro, eager for, lustful, agitated, changing
मा ला सन	मालासन
<b>mā lā</b> sa na	mālā = garland, wreath, series, rosary, group
मण् डला सन	मण्डलासन
maṇ ḍa lā sa na	maṇḍala = round, circular, an orb, globe, wheel, ring, disc
म रीच् या स न	मरीच्यासन
ma <b>rīc yā</b> sa na	ma <b>rī</b> ci = a ray of light, a spark of fire, name of one of the original patriarchs of humanity (he creates many)
मत् स्या सन	मत्स्यासन
mat syā sa na	matsya = fish, king of the fish

म यू रा स न	मथूरासन
ma yū rā sa na	ma <b>yū</b> ra = <i>a peacock, kind of flower, instrument for measuring time</i>
मुक् त हस् त शीर् षा स न muk ta has ta śīr ṣā sa na	मुक्तहस्तशोषांसन mukta = loosened, relaxed, liberated, set free hasta = hand śīrṣa = head
मूल बन्धा सन mū la ban dhā sa na	मूलबन्धासन mūla = root bandha = tie, bond, forming, constructing, arranging, building
नक् रा स न	नक्रासन
nak rā sa na	nakra = crocodile, alligator, nose
नट <b>राजा</b> सन na ṭa <b>rā jā</b> sa na	नटराजासन naṭa = dancer, actor rāja = chief, king
ना वा सन	नावासन
nā vā sa na	nau = boat

निरा लम् बसर् वाङ गा सन	निरालम्बसर्वाङगासन
ni <b>rā lam</b> ba <b>sar vāṅ gā</b> sa na	nis = a prefix meaning: without, free from <b>ā</b> = a prefix meaning: from all sides, towards, all around <b>lam</b> ba = hanging from, hanging down, perpendicular <b>sar</b> va = all, every, whole, entire <b>an</b> ga = limb, body
पा द हस् ता स न pā da has tā sa na	पादहस्तासन  pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object hasta = hand
पा दाङः गुष् ठधनुरा सन pā dāṅ guṣ ṭha dha nu rā sa na	पादाङगुष्ठधनुरासन  pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object aṅguṣṭha = big toe dhanus = bow, arc
पा दाङ गुष् ठा स न pā dāṅ guṣ ṭhā sa na	पादाङःगुष्ठासन  pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object aṅguṣṭha = big toe or thumb
पद् म म यू रा स न pad ma ma yū rā sa na	पद्ममयूरासन  padma = lotus mayūra = peacock. a kind of flower
पद् मा स न pad mā sa na	पद्मासन padma = lotus

परिघा सन	परिघासन
pa ri <b>ghā</b> sa na	parigha = iron beam or bar used for shutting a gate. an iron club. the line of clouds crossing the sun at sunrise/set
परिपूर् ण ना वा सन	परिपूर्णनावासन
pa ri <b>pūr</b> ņa <b>nā vā</b> sa na	pari <b>pūr</b> ṇa = <i>quite full, complete, completely filled</i> nau = boat
पर वृत् त जा नुशीर् षा सन	परवृत्तजानुशीर्षासन
pa ri <b>vṛt</b> ta <b>jā</b> nu <b>śīr ṣā</b> sa na	pari <b>vṛt</b> ta = <i>revolving, revolution</i> <b>jā</b> nu = <i>knee</i> - <b>śīr</b> ṣa = <i>head</i>
परिवृत्त पार्श्व को णासन	परिवृत्तपार्श्वकोणासन
pa ri <b>vṛt</b> ta <b>pār</b> śva <b>ko ṇā</b> sa na	pari <b>vṛt</b> ta = <i>revolving, revolution</i>
	pārśva = side, flank, the side body below armpit, the side ribs
	koṇā = angle, corner
परिवृत् त	परिवृत्तपश्चिमोत्तानासन
pa ri <b>vṛt</b> ta	pari <b>vṛt</b> ta = <i>revolving, revolution</i>
पश् चि मोत् ता ना सन	<pre>paścima = backside, hindmost, Western uttāna = stretched up or out, extended</pre>
<b>paś</b> ci <b>mot</b> tā nā sa na	

परिवृत् तत् रिको णा सन	परिवृत्तत्रिकोणासन
pa ri <b>vṛt tat</b> ri <b>ko ṇā</b> sa na	pari <b>vṛt</b> ta = <i>revolving, revolution</i>
	tri = <i>three</i> <b>ko</b> ṇā = <i>angle, corner</i>
परिवृत् तै कपा दशीर्षा सन	परिवृत्तैकपादशीर्षासन
pa ri <b>vṛt tai</b> ka <b>pā</b> da <b>śīr ṣā</b> sa na	pari <b>vṛt</b> ta = <i>revolving, revolution</i>
pan vịc tại ka pa da on ọa da na	<b>e</b> ka = <i>one</i> <b>pā</b> da = <i>foot, column</i> <b>śīr</b> ṣa = <i>head</i>
पार् श्वधनुरा सन	पार्श्वधनुरासन
<b>pār</b> śva dha nu <b>rā</b> sa na	pārśva = side, flank, the side body below armpit, the side ribs
	dha <b>nus</b> = <i>bow, arc</i>
पार् श्व शीर् षा सन	पार्श्वशीर्षासन
pār śva śīr ṣā sa na	pārśva = side, flank, the side body below armpit, the side ribs
	<b>śīr</b> ṣa = <i>head</i>
पार् श्वोत् ता ना सन	पार्श्वोत्तानासन
<b>pār śvot tā nā</b> sa na	pārśva = side, flank, the side body below armpit, the side ribs
	uttāna = stretched up or out, extended

पर् यडः का सन par yaṅ kā sa na	पर्येङ्कासन  paryaṅka = a bed, couch, sofa, sitting on the hams  pari = a revolution, period, round about, opposed to, much, in  addition to  aṅka = lap, curve
पा शा सन pā śā sa na	पाशासन  pāśa = a cord, chain, fetter, noose, snare, trap, die, dice
पश् चि मोत् ता ना स न paś ci mot tā nā sa na	पश्चिमोत्तानासन  paścima = backside, hindmost, Western  uttāna = stretched up or out, extended
पिच् छ म यू रा स न pic cha ma yū rā sa na	पिच्छमयूरासनपिच्छमयूरासन  piccha = tail feather  mayūra = peacock
पिण् डा सन piņ ḍā sa na	पिण्डासन  piṇḍa = solid, dense, round mass, ball, lump offering, a round devotional offering, early fetus, body, power, stregth, might
प्रसारितपादोत्तानासन pra sā ri ta pā dot tā nā sa na	प्रसारितपादोत्तानासन  pra <b>sā</b> rita = expanded, spread out, opened widely <b>pā</b> da = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object <b>uttā</b> na = stretched up or out, extended

पूर् वोत् ता ना स न pūr vot tā nā sa na  रा ज क पो ता स न rā ja ka po tā sa na	पूर्वोत्तानासन  pūrva = in front of, foremost, first, Eastern  uttāna = stretched up or out, extended  राजकपोतासन  rāja = ruler, king, chief
रुचिका सन ru ci <b>kā</b> sa na	kapota = dove, pigeon, bird  रचिकासन  rucaka? citron, pigeon, golden ornament for the neck, lucky object, column with 4 rectangular sides, a tonic, a building open with terraces on 3 sides and closed on the north only, stone for grinding sandalwood ruci light, luster, beauty, zest, passion, indulging in, devoted or addicted to,hunger ka - endearment, close to, a little
श ल भा सन śa la <b>bhā</b> sa na सा लम् ब सर् वाङः गा सन sā lam ba sar vāṅ gā sa na	शलभासन  śalabha = grasshopper, locust  सालम्बसर्वाङ्गासन  sa = a prefix meaning: together, having, possessed of ā = a prefix meaning: from all sides, towards, all around
	lamba = hanging from, hanging down, perpendicular sarva = all, every, whole, entire anga = limb, body

सा लम् ब शीर् षा सन sā lam ba śīr ṣā sa na	सालम्बशोर्षासन sa = a prefix meaning: together, having, possessed of ā = a prefix meaning: from all sides, towards, all around lamba = hanging from, hanging down, perpendicular śīrṣa = head
समको णासन sa ma <b>ko</b> ṇā sa na	समकोणासन sama = same, equal, identical koṇā = angle, corner
श <b>वा</b> सन śa <b>vā</b> sa na	शवासन śava = corpse, dead body
शय ना सन śa ya nā sa na से त बन धा सन	शयनासन śayana = sleeping, couch, copulation सेतुबन्धासन
स तु बन् धा स न se tu ban dhā sa na	setu = mound, bridge, causeway, dam bandha = tie, bond, forming, constructing, arranging, building
से तु बन् ध सर् वाङः गा सन se tu ban dha sar vāṅ gā sa na	सेतुबन्धसर्वाङःगासन setu = mound, bridge, causeway, dam bandha = tie, bond, forming, constructing, arranging, building sarva = all aṅga = limb, body

सिद्धा सन sid dhā sa na	सद्धासन siddha = accomplished, settled, successful, obtained, one who has attained, matured, perfected, holy, pious, emancipated, semi-divine being of great purity, holiness, sage, seer
सिङः हा सन sin hā sa na	सिंहासन sinha = lion
शोर्षपादासन śīr ṣa pā dā sa na	शीर्षपादासन  śīrṣa = head pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object
स्कन् दा सन skan dā sa na	स्कन्दासन skanda = leaping, quicksilver, perishing, destruction, spilling, the bank of a river, a name of the god of war (kārtikeya) who is a son of śiva and is composed of 6 sons united into a single 6-headed, 12-eyed and 12-handed being
सुप् त को णा स न sup ta ko ṇā sa na	सुप्तकोणासन supta = sleeping, latent, inactive koṇa = angle
सुप् त कूर् मा स न sup ta kūr mā sa na	सुप्तकूमांसन  supta = sleeping, latent, inactive kūrma = tortoise, one of the outer winds of the body

सुप् त पा दाङः गुष् ठा स न sup ta pā dāṅ guṣ ṭhā sa na	सुप्तपादाङगुष्ठासन  supta = sleeping, latent, inactive pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object aṅguṣṭha = big toe or thumb
सुप् तत् रिविक् र मा स न sup tat ri vik ra mā sa na	सुप्तत्रिविक्रमासन <b>sup</b> ta = <i>sleeping, latent, inactive</i> tri <b>vik</b> rama = <b>viṣ</b> ṇu <i>in his 5th or dwarf incarnation.</i> tri = <i>three</i>
सुप् त वज् रा स न sup ta vaj rā sa na	सुप्तवज्रासन  supta = sleeping, latent, inactive vajra = hard, adamantine, severe, forked, zigzag, thunderbolt, destructive weapon, the weapon of Indra
सुप् त वी रा स न sup ta vī rā sa na	सुप्तवीरासन <b>sup</b> ta = <i>sleeping, latent, inactive</i> <b>v</b> īra = <i>hero, warrior, champion</i>
सूर् य न मस् का र sūr ya na mas kā ra	सूर्यनमस्कार  sūrya = sun namas = salutation, bow, obeisance kāra = making, creating, doing
ता डा सन tā ḍā sa na	ताडासन tāḍa = mountain, blow, knock, thump, whipping noise, sound

तिर् यडः मु खोत् ता ना स न tir yan mu khot tā nā sa na	तिर्यङः मुखोत्तानासन  tiryañc = oblique, transverse, horizontal, awry, crooked, curved, lying in the middle mukha = face uttāna = stretched up or out, extended
ति ति भा सन ti ti <b>bhā</b> sa na	तितिभासन titibha = a firefly
तो ला सन to lā sa na	तोलासन tola = weight measured by the balance
त्र्यङः ग मु खै क पा द tr yan ga mu khai ka pā da पश् चि मोत् ता ना स न paś ci mot tā nā sa na	त्र्यङ्गमुखैकपादपश्चिमोत्तानासन  tri = 3 aṅga = limb, body mukha = face eka = 1 pāda = foot, column, leg of inanimate object paścima = backside, hindmost, Western uttāna = stretched up or out, extended
उभय <b>पा दाङ गुष् ठा</b> सन u bha ya <b>pā dāṅ guṣ ṭhā</b> sa na	उभयपादाङगुष्ठासन  ubhaya = both  pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object aṅguṣṭha = big toe or thumb
उप विष् टको णा सन u pa <b>viș</b> ța <b>ko ṇā</b> sa na	उपविष्टकोणासन upa <b>viṣ</b> ṭa = seated, come to, arrived, engaged, occupied with, pitched a camp, the set sun <b>ko</b> ṇa = angle

ऊर् ध्व मु ख ūr dhva mu kha पश् चि मोत् ता ना स न paś ci mot tā nā sa na	ऊर्ध्वमुखपश्चिमोत्तानासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> mukha = <i>face</i> <b>paś</b> cima = <i>behind, hindmost, last, latter, Western</i> <b>uttā</b> na = <i>stretched up or out, extended</i>
ऊर्ध्वमुखि <b>श्वा ना</b> सन <b>ūr</b> dhva mu kha <b>śvā nā</b> sa na	ऊर्ध्वमुखश्वानासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> mukha = <i>face</i> <b>śvā</b> na = <i>dog</i>
ऊर् ध्व दण् डा स न ūr dhva daņ ḍā sa na	ऊर्ध्वदण्डासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> <b>daṇ</b> ḍa = <i>staff, wand, stick</i>
ऊर् ध्वधनुरा सन ūr dhva dha nu rā sa na	ऊर्ध्वधनुरासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> dha <b>nus</b> = <i>bow, arc of a circle</i>
ऊर् ध्व पद् म शीर् षा स न ūr dhva pad ma śīr ṣā sa na	ऊर्ध्वपद्मशीर्षासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> <b>pad</b> ma = <i>lotus</i> <b>śīr</b> ṣa = <i>head</i>
उत् ध्वप् र सा रि ते क पा दा स न ūr dhvap ra sā ri tai ka pā dā sa na	ऊर्ध्वप्रसारितैकपादासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> pra <b>sā</b> rita = <i>expanded, spread out, opened widely</i> <b>e</b> ka = <i>one</i> <b>pā</b> da = <i>foot, column, leg of inanimate object</i>

ऊर् ध्वप् र सा रित पा दा स न ūr dhvap ra sā ri ta pā dā sa na	ऊर्ध्वप्रसारितपादासन <b>ūr</b> dhva = <i>upward</i> pra <b>sā</b> rita = <i>expanded, spread out, opened widely</i> <b>pā</b> da = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object
उष् ट्रा सन uș țrā sa na	उष्ट्रासन uṣṭra = camel, buffalo, bull w/ hump, cart or carriage
उत् क टा स न ut ka ṭā sa na	उत्कटासन <b>ut</b> kaṭa = spacious, powerful, mighty, fierce, uneven, difficult, richly endowed with, drunk, mad, furious, excessive, proud
उत् ता न पा दा स न ut tā na pā dā sa na	उत्तानपादासन  uttāna = stretched up or out, extended pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object
उत् ता न पद् म म यू रा स न ut tā na pad ma ma yū rā sa na	उत्तानपद्ममयूरासन  uttāna = stretched up or out, extended padma = lotus mayūra = peacock, kind flower, a measuring instrument
उत् ता ना सन ut tā nā sa na	उत्तानासन  uttāna = stretched out or up, open, turned upwards, elevated, concave

उत् थि त हस् त	उत्थितहस्तपादाङगुष्ठासन
ut thi ta has ta पा दाङः गुष् ठा स न pā dāṅ guṣ ṭhā sa na	<pre>utthita = extended, stretched, risen, striving, active, diligent, sprung up, born, gone up, arisen hasta = hand</pre>
pa dan guş ina sana	pāda = foot. column. the leg of an inanimate object aṅguṣṭha = big toe or thumb
उत् थित पार् श्व को णा सन	उत्थितपार्श्वकोणासन
ut thi ta pār śva ko ṇā sa na	utthita = extended, stretched, risen, striving, active, diligent, sprung up, born, gone up, arisen
	pārśva = side, flank, the side body below armpit, the side ribs
	<b>ko</b> ṇā = <i>angle, corner</i>
उत् थि तत् रिको णा सन	उत्थितत्रिकोणासन
<b>ut</b> thi <b>tat</b> ri <b>ko ņā</b> sa na	utthita = extended, stretched, risen, striving, active, diligent, sprung up, born, gone up, arisen
	tri = three <b>ko</b> ṇā = angle, corner
वा ल खिल् या स न	वालखिल्यासन
<b>vā</b> la <b>khil yā</b> sa na	vālakhilya = name of a collection of 11 hymns of the rgveda. the name of a saint. the name of the many-thousand heavenly spirits that precede the sun's chariot, divine sparks

वा मदे वा सन	वामदेवासन
vā ma de vā sa na	<b>vā</b> ma <b>de</b> va = <i>a name of</i> śiva
	<b>vā</b> ma = reverse, adverse, refractory
	deva = divine, celestial, shining, a god
वि <b>सिष् ठा</b> सन	वसिष्ठासन
va <b>siṣ ṭhā</b> sa na	va <b>sis</b> tha = a celebrated sage, the priest of the solar race of
va oro grid oa na	kings, a model of brāhman dignity and power
वा ता य ना स न	वातायनासन
<b>vā tā</b> ya <b>nā</b> sa na	<b>vātā</b> yana = <i>horse</i>
विपरी तचक्रा सन	विपरीतचक्रासन
vi pa <b>rī</b> ta <b>cak rā</b> sa na	vipa <b>rī</b> ta = <i>revolved, revolving</i>
	cakra = wheel
	C C
विपरी तिशलभा सन	विपरीतशलभासन
vi pa <b>rī</b> ta śa la <b>bhā</b> sa na	vipa <b>rī</b> ta = <i>revolved, revolving</i>
	śalabha = <i>grasshopper, locust</i>
वी र भद्रा सन	वीरभद्रासन
vī ra <b>bhad rā</b> sa na	vīrabhadra = the name of a powerful warrior created by siva
	from a lock of his matted hair
विरञ् च्या सन	विरञ्च्यासन
vi <b>rañ cyā</b> sa na	vi <b>rañ</b> ci = <i>a name of</i> <b>brahmā</b>
	vi <b>rañj</b> = to renounce all attachments
	,

वी रा सन	वीरासन
vī rā sa na	vīra = hero, warrior, champion, fire
विश वा मित रा सन	विश्वामित्रासन
viś vā mit rā sa na	viśvāmitra = friend (mitra) of the universe (viśvā), refers to the name of a sage (previously a jealous king) who interacted with vasiṣṭha, and then later gave powerful missiles to rāma
वृक्षा स न	वृक्षासन
vṛk ṣā sa na	vṛkṣa = a tree, particularly one bearing visible flowers & fruit
वृश् चि का स न	वृश्चिकासन
<b>vṛś</b> ci <b>kā</b> sa na	<b>vṛś</b> cika = <i>scorpion</i>
यो ग मुद् रा स न	योगमुद्रासन
yo ga mud rā sa na	yoga = union, uniting mudra = seal the seal of union
यो गदण्डा सन	योगदण्डासन
yo ga daṇ ḍā sa na	yoga = union, uniting daṇḍa = staff, wand, stick the wand of union

## यो ग निद् रा स न yo ga nid rā sa na

#### योगनिद्रासन

**yo**ga = *union*, *uniting* 

nidrā = sleep

yoganidrā = a state between sleep and wakefulness, sleep and contemplation

# प्राणायामाः

prā ņā yā māḥ

#### प्राणायामाः

prāṇāyāmāḥ is plural form of the singular prāṇāyāmaḥ prāṇa = breath, respiration, breath of life, vital air, principle of life ā = a prefix meaning: from all sides, towards, all around yāmaḥ = restraint, forbearance, control, proceeding

prāṇāyāmaḥ = the controlling of the vital life currents from all directions,
in all ways

(breath is the outermost current, then come the deeper flows such as the heartbeat and craniosacral fluid pulse)

prāṇāyāma is the form of the noun used for calling out its name directly

अन् तर कुम् भ क an tara kum bha ka	अन्तरकुम्भक antara = being on the inside, interior, internal, inward kumbhaka = the base of a column, suspending breath kumbha = water pot, jar
अ नु लो म a nu lo ma	अनुलोम " anuloma = with the hair (with the grain), regular, in natural order, successive
बम् भर bam bha ra	बम्भर bambhara = a bee
बाह् य कुम् भ क bāh ya kum bha ka	बाह्यकुम्भक bāhya = outer, outward, external, exterior, being or situated without kumbhaka = the base of a column, suspending breath
भस् त्र का bhas tra kā	भस्त्रका  bhastrakā = a bellows (used to stoke a fire), a leather vessel for holding water
क <b>पा</b> ल <b>भा</b> ति ka <b>pā</b> la <b>bhā</b> ti	कपालभाति kapālabhāti kapāla = skull, skull bone, cover or lid bhāti = light, brightness, luster, splendor, perception, knowledge shining skull

के वल कुम् भ क	केवलकुम्भक
ke va la kum bha ka	<b>ke</b> vala = <i>exclusive</i> , <i>perfect</i> , <i>whole</i> , <i>alone</i> , <i>absolute</i> <b>kum</b> bhaka = <i>the base of a column</i> , <i>suspending breath</i>
कुम् भ क	कुम्भक
<b>kum</b> bha ka	<b>kum</b> bhaka = <i>base of a column, suspending breath</i>
ना डिशो धन	नाडिशोधन
<b>nā</b> ḍi <b>śo</b> dha na	nāḍi = tubular stalk of any plant, any tubular vessel of the body, pipe, flute, sinus  śodhana = purifying, cleansing, clearing
प्रतिलो म	प्रतिलोम
pra ti <b>Io</b> ma	prati <b>lo</b> ma = against the hair or grain, contrary to natural order, inverted, reverse
पूरक	पूरक
<b>pū</b> ra ka	<b>pū</b> raka = inhaling, filling up, completing
रे च क	रेचक
re ca ka	recaka = exhaling out, emptying, purging
सहित कुम् भ क	सहितकुम्भक
sa hi ta <b>kum</b> bha ka	sahita = accompanied by, together with <b>kum</b> bhaka = base of a column, suspending breath

स म वृत् ति sa ma <b>vṛt</b> ti	समवृत्ति sama = same, equal vṛtti = being, existence, action, movement, state
शी त का र śī ta kā ra	शीतकार śīta = cool, cold, frigid, dull, sluggish, apathetic kāra = making, creating, doing
सूर् य भे द न sūr ya bhe da na	सूर्यभेदन sūrya = sun bhedana = breaking, dividing, splitting, distinguishing, loosening
उज् ज य uj ja ya	ujjaya = the center line, the primary meridian or longitude (up/down north/south) of a sacred city ud = a prefix meaning: superiority in place, up, upwards, upon, above, out, from, movement upwards, acquisition, liberation jaya = victory, conquest, triumph
वि <b>लो</b> म vi <b>lo</b> ma	विलोम viloma = inverted, reverse, inverse, contrary, opposite, backward, reverse order
विषम <b>वृत्</b> ति vi şa ma <b>vṛt</b> ti	विषमवृत्ति viṣama = uneven, unequal, difficult, irregular vṛtti = being, existence, action, movement, state

बन् धाः ban dhāḥ	bandhāḥ is the plural form of the singular bandhaḥ bandhaḥ = tie, bond, forming, constructing, arranging, building bandha = the form of the noun used for calling out its name in direct address.
जा लन् धा र बन् ध jā lan dhā ra ban dha	जাপদ্ধাৰ্থ jālandhāra = holding a net jālaṃ = a net, snare, web dhāra = holding, bearing, supporting
मूल बन् ध mū la ban dha उड् डी यन बन् ध uḍ ḍī ya na ban dha	मूलबन्ध mūla = root उड्डीयनबन्ध uḍḍīyana = flying up, soaring (either of these two pronunciations is correct)
उड् डयन <b>बन्</b> ध uḍ ḍa ya na <b>ban</b> dha	उड्डयनबन्ध uḍḍayana = flying up, soaring

मद राः	मुद्राः
33	mudrāḥ is the plural form of mudrā
mud rāḥ	mudrā is the singlular, meaning a seal mudrā is the form of the noun used for calling out its name in direct address
अभय मुद् रा	अभय
a bha ya <b>mud rā</b>	abhaya = without fear
अ हडः का र मुद् रा	अहंकार
a <b>haṅ kā</b> ra <b>mud rā</b>	ahaṅkāra = egotism, "I-maker", sense of self, pride ahaṃ = I kāra = making, creating, doing
आ का श मुद् रा	आकाश
ā kā śa mud rā	<b>ākā</b> śa = the sky, ether, the subtle and ethereal fluid pervading the whole universe. (for centering)
अञ् ज लि मुद् रा	अञ्जलि
añ ja li mud rā	<b>a</b> ñjali = cavity formed w/ hands together, the hollow of the hands, a mark of respect or salutation
अ पा न मुद् रा	अपान
a <b>pā</b> na <b>mud rā</b>	apāna = breathing out, respiration, one of the 5 life-winds in the body which goes downwards and out at the anus

भूतदम <b>मुद्रा</b> bhū ta da ma mud rā	भूतदम bhūtadama bhūta = become, being, existing, produced, formed, actually being, really happened, true damaḥ = taming, subduing, self-command, subduing or curbing the passions, self-restraint for protection, a shield
बुद् ध मुद् रा bud dha mud rā	बुद्ध buddha= known, understood, perceived, awakened, awake, enlightened, expanded
धर् म चक् र मुद् रा dhar ma cak ra mud rā	धर्मचक्र  dharmacakra = the wheel or range of the law dharma = religion, customary observances of a group, law, usage, practice, custom, statute, virtue, righteousness, good works, duty, prescribed course of conduct cakra = wheel, circle, ring
ध्या न <b>मुद् रा</b> dhyā na mud rā	ध्यान  dhyāna = meditation, reflection, thought, contemplation, divine intuition
ग णे ष मुद् रा ga ne şa mud rā	गणेष gaṇeṣa = god of wisdom and remover of obstacles strength in face of trouble, eases tension

ग रू ड मुद् रा	गरूड
ga <b>rū</b> ḍa <b>mud rā</b>	ga <b>rū</b> ḍa = king of the birds, possessing a white face, aquiline nose, red wings and golden body. he brings down the heavenly beverage (amṛta) to free his mother
ज्ञा न मुद् रा	ज्ञान
jñā na mud rā	jñāna = knowing, understanding, knowledge, learning, consciousness, cognizance, sacred knowledge especially knowledge derived rom meditation on the higher truths of religion and philosophy which teaches man how to understand his own nature and how he may be reunited to the Supreme Spirit
का लेश् वर मुद् रा	कालेश्वर
kā leś va ra mud rā	<ul> <li>kāleśvara = name of śiva, the formless lord of time, the dissolving force</li> <li>kāla = black, dark-blue, time, the Supreme Spirit as the destructive principle, the destroyer of the universe, fate</li> <li>īśvara = powerful, able, lord, master, king, Supreme God</li> </ul>
क पित् थ क मुद् रा	कपित्थक
ka <b>pit</b> tha ka <b>mud rā</b>	ka <b>pit</b> thaka
	ka <b>pitthaḥ</b> = wood-apple tree, a particular position of the hands ka = suffix meaning a little, diminution, endearment
करण <b>मुद्रा</b>	करण
ka ra ṇa <b>mud rā</b>	karaṇa = <i>an action</i>

खे च री मुद् रा	खेचरी
khe ca rī mud rā	khecarī = magical power of flying
कु बे र मुद् रा	कुबेर
ku <b>be</b> ra <b>mud rā</b>	ku <b>be</b> ra = <i>god of riches</i>
लिङ ग मुद् रा	लिङ्ग
liṅ ga <b>mud rā</b>	<b>liṅ</b> ga = mark, sign, token, emblem, smbol, distinguishing mark, penis, the subtle frame or indestructible original of the visible body
म हा मुद् रा	महा
ma <b>hā mud rā</b>	ma <b>hā</b> = great, big, vast, large, ample, strong, intense
म हा शीर्ष मुद्रा	महाशीर्ष
ma <b>hā śīr</b> ṣa <b>mud rā</b>	ma <b>hā</b> = great, big, vast, large, ample, strong, intense <b>śī r</b> ṣa = head the great, important head
मा तङ गी मुद् रा	मातङ्गी
mā taṅ gī mud rā	mātaṅga = elephant mātaṅgī = a name of pārvatī
मु कु ल <b>मुद् रा</b>	मुकुल
mu ku la <b>mud rā</b>	mukula = <i>bud</i>

मुष् टि मुद् रा	मुष्टि
muș ți mud rā	muṣṭi = fist, for letting go pent up emotions
प्रा ण मुद् रा	प्राण
prā ṇa mud rā	<b>prā</b> ṇa = breath, respiration, breath of life, the first of the 5 life winds seated in the lungs, the vital air, life force
प्री ति वि मुद् रा	प्रीतिवि
prī ti vi mud rā	prītiḥ = happiness
पू षन् मुद् रा	पूषन्
pū ṣan mud rā	pūṣan the protector of the universe, the sun
षण् मुखी मुद् रा	षण्मुखी
şan mu khī mud rā	sanmukhī = having 6 entrances
	sas (n) = 6 mukha = mouth, entrance, point
शडः ख मुद् रा	शङ्ख
śaṅ kha mud rā	<b>śaṅ</b> kha = <i>conch shell</i>
सू चि मुद् रा	सूचि
sū ci mud rā	<b>sū</b> ci = piercing, sharp point, needle for constipation, taming uncontrolled behaviors, tantrums, clinging to others

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शून् य मुद् रा śūn ya mud rā	शून्य śūnya = empty, void, vacant, absent, absolute non-existence
सुर भि मुद्रा	सुरभि surabhi = sweet smelling, agreeable, pleasing, shining, wise,
su ra bhi <b>mud</b> rā	learned - balances 5 elements
सूर् य मुद् रा	सूर्य
sūr ya mud rā	sūrya = the sun
उ षस् मुद् रा	उषस्
u <b>ṣas mud rā</b>	uṣas = dawn, morning light, for cretivity - start anew
उत् तर बो धि मुद् रा	उत्तरबोधि
ut ta ra bo dhi mud rā	<b>ut</b> tara = upper, higher, superior, chief, accompanied with, full of, consisting of
	<b>bo</b> dha =understanding, knowing, waking up, opening, blooming, expanding
	one who is full of knowledge, fully awake
वज् र मुद् रा	वज्र
vaj ra mud rā	<b>vaj</b> ra = hard, adamantine, severe, forked, zigzag, thunderbolt, destructive weapon, the weapon of <b>In</b> dra
व रु ण मुद् रा	वरुण
va ru ņa <b>mud rā</b>	varuṇa = the regent of the ocean, the ocean

वा य मुद् रा	वाय
vā yu <b>mud rā</b>	<b>vā</b> yu = air, wind, life wind, vital air
वि तर् क मुद् रा	वितर्क
vi <b>tar</b> ka <b>mud rā</b>	vi <b>tar</b> ka = argument, reasoning, inference, guess, conjecture, belief, thought, purpose, intention
यो नि मुद् रा	योनि
yo ni mud rā	<b>yo</b> ni = womb, uterus, vagina, any place of birth or origin, abode, receptacle, home, lair